

Personalisierungen

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aktuelles Datum mit Tastaturbefehl hinzufügen

Um an der Stelle des Cursors mit einem Tastenklick das aktuelle Datum einzufügen wird folgender Code benötigt:

```
<script type="module">
  window.addEventListener('editor-tinymce::setup', event => {
    const editor = event.detail.editor;
    editor.shortcuts.add('f8', 'Insert Date', () => {
      const date = (new Date()).toLocaleString('de-DE');
      editor.insertContent(date);
    });
  });
</script>
```

Hier wird mit der Taste **F8** das Datum eingefügt, es kann aber auch jede andere Funktionstaste sein.

Changelog verpflichtend machen mittels Tag

Um den Changelog zu einem Pflichtfeld zu machen muss folgender Code in die Personalisierung von Bookstack eingebaut werden:

```
<script type="module">
  const requiredMessage = 'Bitte geben Sie einen Changelog ein.';
  const form = document.querySelector('#main-content > form');
  const changelogInput = document.getElementById("summary-input");
  let changelogRequired = false;

  function isChangelogEmpty() {
    return changelogInput.value.trim() === "";
  }

  function checkChangelogOnSubmit(event) {
    if (!isChangelogEmpty() || !changelogRequired) {
      return;
    }

    event.preventDefault();
    window.$events.error(requiredMessage);
  }

  async function isChangelogRequired() {
    const bookSlugRegex = /\booksV(.*)V(page|draft)V/;
    const slugMatchResults = bookSlugRegex.exec(window.location.href);
    if (slugMatchResults === null) {
      return false;
    }

    const bookSlug = slugMatchResults[1];
    const bookResp = await window.$http.get(`/books/${bookSlug}`);
    const parser = new DOMParser();
```

```

const pageDom = parser.parseFromString(bookResp.data, 'text/html');

return pageDom.querySelector('body.tag-pair-changelog-required') !== null;
}

if (form && changelogInput) {
  form.addEventListener("submit", checkChangelogOnSubmit);
  window.addEventListener('DOMContentLoaded', () => {
    isChangelogRequired().then(required => {
      changelogRequired = required;
    });
  });
}

window.addEventListener('editor-tinymce::setup', event => {
  const editor = event.detail.editor;
  editor.on('init', () => {
    editor.shortcuts.remove('meta+13');
    editor.shortcuts.add('meta+13', '', () => {
      if (!isChangelogEmpty() || !changelogRequired) {
        window.$events.emit('editor-save-page', {});
      } else {
        window.$events.error(requiredMessage);
      }
    });
  });
});
}
</script>

```

Dieses Script nur dann aktiv, wenn ein Buch den **Tag** `Changelog` mit dem **Tagvalue** `required` besitzt.

DOCX Dateien per Drag&Drop importieren

Das geht mit folgendem Script:

```
<script src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.net/npm/mammoth@1.5.1/mammoth.browser.min.js" defer></script>

<script type="module">
  // Convert the given "file" instance to HTML and insert the results
  // into the given TinyMCE "editor" instance.
  function convertAndInsertDocx(editor, file) {
    // Use a FileReader to handle conversion via an ArrayBuffer
    const reader = new FileReader();
    reader.onload = async function(loadEvent) {
      // Get and convert the ArrayBuffer version of the file
      const arrayBuffer = loadEvent.target.result;
      const {value: html, messages} = await window.mammoth.convertToHtml({arrayBuffer});
      // If warnings exists from conversion, log them to the browser console then
      // show a warning alert via BookStack's event system.
      if (messages.length > 0) {
        console.error(messages);
        window.$events.emit('warning', `${messages.length} warnings logged to browser console during
conversion`);
      }
      // Insert the resulting HTML content insert the editor
      editor.insertContent(html);
    }
    reader.readAsArrayBuffer(file);
  }

  // Listen to BookStack emitted WYSIWYG editor setup event
  window.addEventListener('editor-tinymce::setup', event => {
    // Get a reference to the editor and listen to file "drop" events
    const editor = event.detail.editor;
    editor.on('drop', event => {
```

```
// For each of the files in the drop event, pass them, alongside the editor instance
// to our "convertAndInsertDocx" function above if they're docx files.
const files = event?.dataTransfer?.files || [];
for (const file of files) {
    if (file.type === 'application/vnd.openxmlformats-officedocument.wordprocessingml.document' &&
window.mammoth) {
        convertAndInsertDocx(editor, file);
    }
}
});
});
</script>
```

Quelle: [DOCX Import - Bookstack Hacks](#)

externe Links mit einem Symbol versehen

Um externe Links mit einem kleinen Symbol zu versehen muss folgender CSS Code hinterlegt werden:

```
<style>
a[href*="//"]:not([href*="bookstack.jelinek-rz.de"]):after {
  content: " "
  url(data:image/png;base64,iVBORw0KGgoAAAANSUgAAAAoAAAAKCAyAAACNMs+9AAAVkIEQVR4Xn3PgQkA
  MQhDUXfqTu7kTtkpd5RA8AInfArtQ2iRXFWT2QedAfttj2FsPIOE1eCOIEuoWWjgzYaB/IkeGOxXhqB+uA9Bfcm0IAZu
  h+YleAD+cAqSz4kCMUAAAAASUVORK5CYII=);
  margin: 0 3px 0 5px;
}
</style>
```

Wenn nun ein Link einen anderen Inhalt hat wie in diesem Beispiel bookstack.jelinek-rz.de, dann wird automatisch ein Symbol rechts neben dem Link erscheinen (an allen Stellen im gesamten Bookstack).

Hier geht es zu <https://google.de> 

Fußnoten über den WYSIWYG Editor

Fußnoten können mit folgendem Code aktiviert werden:

```
<script>
  // Take a footnote anchor and convert it to the HTML that would be expected
  // at the bottom of the page in the list of references.
  function footnoteToHtml(elem) {
    const newWrap = document.createElement('div');
    const newAnchor = document.createElement('a');
    const sup = document.createElement('sup');
    const text = document.createTextNode(' ' + elem.title.trim());
    sup.textContent = elem.textContent.trim();
    newAnchor.id = elem.getAttribute('href').replace('#', '');
    newAnchor.href = '#';
    newAnchor.append(sup);
    newWrap.append(newAnchor, text);
    return newWrap.outerHTML;
  }

  // Reset the numbering of all footnotes within the editor
  function resetFootnoteNumbering(editor) {
    const footnotes = editor.dom.select('a[href^="#bkmrk-footnote-"]');
    for (let i = 0; i < footnotes.length; i++) {
      const footnote = footnotes[i];
      const textEl = footnote.querySelector('sup') || footnote;
      textEl.textContent = String(i + 1);
    }
  }

  // Update the footnotes list at the bottom of the content.
  function updateFootnotes(editor) {
    // Filter out existing footnote blocks on parse
    const footnoteBlocks = editor.dom.select('body > div.footnotes');
```

```

for (const blocks of footnoteBlocks) {
  blocks.remove();
}

// Gather our existing footnote references and return if nothing to add
const footnotes = editor.dom.select('a[href^="#bkmrk-footnote-"]');
if (footnotes.length === 0) {
  return;
}

// Build and append our footnote block
resetFootnoteNumbering(editor);
const footnoteHtml = [...footnotes].map(f => footnoteToHtml(f));
editor.dom.add(editor.getBody(), 'div', {class: 'footnotes'}, '<hr/>' + footnoteHtml.join('\n'));
}

// Get the current selected footnote (if any)
function getSelectedFootnote(editor) {
  return editor.selection.getNode().closest('a[href^="#bkmrk-footnote-"]');
}

// Insert a new footnote element within the editor at cursor position.
function insertFootnote(editor, text) {
  const sup = editor.dom.create('sup', {}, '1');
  const anchor = editor.dom.create('a', {href: `#bkmrk-footnote-${Date.now()}`, title: text});
  anchor.append(sup);
  editor.selection.collapse(false);
  editor.insertContent(anchor.outerHTML + ' ');
}

function showFootnoteInsertDialog(editor) {
  const footnote = getSelectedFootnote(editor);

  // Show a custom form dialog window to edit the footnote text/label
  const dialog = editor.windowManager.open({
    title: 'Edit Footnote',
    body: {
      type: 'panel',
      items: [{type: 'input', name: 'text', label: 'Footnote Label/Text'}],
    },
  },

```

```

buttons: [
  {type: 'cancel', text: 'Cancel'},
  {type: 'submit', text: 'Save', primary: true},
],
onSubmit(api) {
  // On submit update or insert a footnote element
  const {text} = api.getData();
  if (footnote) {
    footnote.setAttribute('title', text);
  } else {
    insertFootnote(editor, text);
    editor.execCommand('RemoveFormat');
  }
  updateFootnotes(editor);
  api.close();
},
});

if (footnote) {
  dialog.setData({text: footnote.getAttribute('title')});
}
}

// Listen to pre-init event to customize TinyMCE config
window.addEventListener('editor-tinymce::pre-init', event => {
  const tinyConfig = event.detail.config;
  // Add our custom footnote button to the toolbar
  tinyConfig.toolbar = tinyConfig.toolbar.replace('italic ', 'italic footnote ');
});

// Listen to setup event so we customize the editor.
window.addEventListener('editor-tinymce::setup', event => {
  // Get a reference to the TinyMCE Editor instance
  const editor = event.detail.editor;

  // Add our custom footnote button
  editor.ui.registry.addToggleButton('footnote', {
    icon: 'footnote',
    tooltip: 'Add Footnote',
    active: false,

```

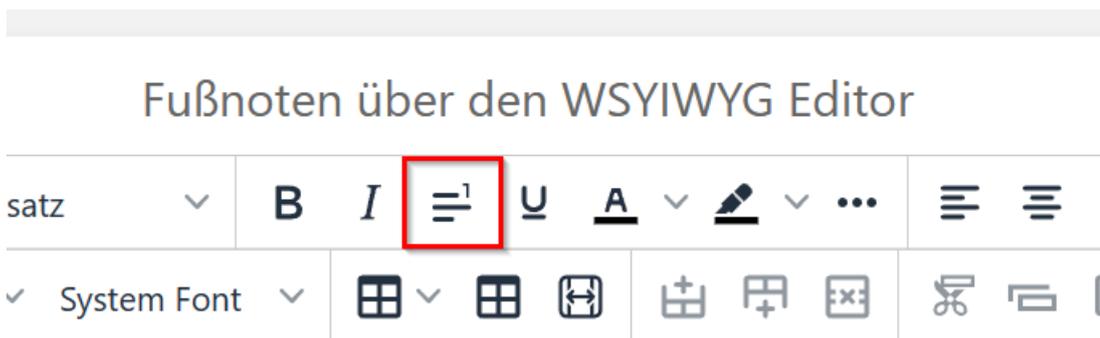
```

onAction() {
  showFootnoteInsertDialog(editor);
},
onSetup(api) {
  editor.on('NodeChange', event => {
    api.setActive(Boolean(getSelectedFootnote(editor)));
  });
},
});

// Update footnotes before editor content is fetched
editor.on('BeforeGetContent', () => {
  updateFootnotes(editor);
});
});
</script>

```

Das Ergebnis sieht dann wie folgt aus:



Dabei wird an der Stelle des Cursors eine Fußnote¹ erstellt, welche dann am Ende der Seite eingefügt wird.

Hier gibt es auch direkt das Beispiel² dazu.

Quelle³

¹ Erste Fußnote

² Beispiel

³ <https://www.bookstackapp.com/hacks/wysiwyg-footnotes/>

Seite verbreitern

Dazu muss lediglich folgender CSS Code eingetragen werden. Die Breite kann man mit der Pixelanzahl einfach ändern.

zu breit ist aber nicht gut, da dann das Layout nicht mehr funktioniert.

```
<style>
@media screen and (min-width: 1400px) {
  .tri-layout-middle-contents {
    max-width: 1700px;
  }
}
.page-content { max-width: 1200px; }
</style>
```

Tabellenbearbeitungstools im WYSIWYG Editor aktivieren

Das klappt ganz einfach mit folgendem Code:

```
<script>
window.addEventListener('editor-tinymce::pre-init', event => {
  // Get the config object
  const mceConfig = event.detail.config;

  // Create a secondary toolbar for table editing
  mceConfig.toolbar = [
    mceConfig.toolbar,
    'table tablecellprops tableinsertdialog maketableresponsive | tablemergecells tablesplitcells |
tableinsertrowbefore tableinsertrowafter tabledeleterow | tablecutrow tablecopyrow tablepasterowbefore
tablepasterowafter | tableinsertcolbefore tableinsertcolafter tabledeletecol | tablemergecells tablesplitcells |
tablerowheader tablecolheader | tablecellbackgroundcolor | tabledelete'
  ];

  // Modify the table context toolbar
  mceConfig.table_toolbar = 'tableprops tabledelete | tableinsertrowbefore tableinsertrowafter tabledeleterow |
tableinsertcolbefore tableinsertcolafter tabledeletecol | tablerowheader tablecolheader';

  // Make tables responsive by default
  mceConfig.table_sizing_mode = 'responsive';
});

window.addEventListener('editor-tinymce::setup', event => {
  // Get the editor
  const editor = event.detail.editor;
  // Add a button to make tables responsive
  editor.ui.registry.addButton('maketableresponsive', {
```

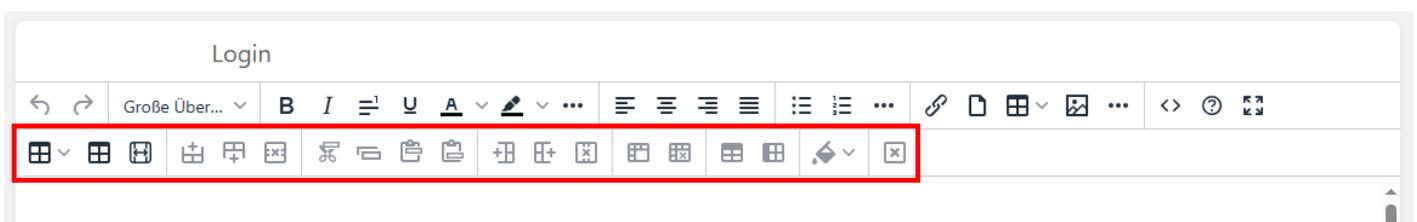
```

tooltip: 'Make Table Responsive',
icon: 'maketableresponsiveicon',
onAction() {
  let tableElement = editor.selection.getNode();
  while (tableElement.nodeName !== 'TABLE') {
    tableElement = tableElement.parentNode;
    if (tableElement.nodeName === 'BODY') { return; }
  }
  tinyMce.DOM.setStyle(tableElement, 'width', null);
  const colGroup = tableElement.getElementsByTagName('colgroup')[0];
  const cols = Array.from(colGroup.getElementsByTagName('col'));
  cols.forEach((child) => {
    tinyMce.DOM.setStyle(child, 'width', null);
  });
}
});

// Register a custom icon for maketableresponsive
editor.ui.registry.addIcon('maketableresponsiveicon', `<svg xmlns="http://www.w3.org/2000/svg" width="24"
height="24" fill="rgb(12.941176%,12.941176%,12.941176%)" xmlns:v="https://vecta.io/nano"><path
d="M15.578 11.25H8.422l.891-1c.273-.312.246-.785-.062-1.062s-.785-.246-1.062.063l-2 2.25a.76.76 0 0 0
1l2 2.25c.277.309.75.336 1.063.063s.336-.75.063-1.062l-.891-1h7.156l-.887 1c-.277.313-.25.785.059
1.063s.785.246 1.063-.062l-2.25a.79.79 0 0 0 .188-.469v-.059a.75.75 0 0 0-.191-.473l-1.996-2.25c-.277-.309-
.75-.336-1.062-.062a.75.75 0 0 0-.059 1.063zM17.75 3A3.25 3.25 0 0 1 21 6.25v11.5c0 1.793-1.457 3.25-3.25
3.25H6.25C4.457 21 3 19.543 3 17.75V6.25A3.25 3.25 0 0 1 6.25 3zm1.75 3.25c0-.965-.785-1.75-1.75-1.75h-
.25v5.148l-.941-1.062A1.75 1.75 0 0 0 16 8.168V4.5H8v3.668a1.75 1.75 0 0 0-.559.418L6.5 9.648V4.5h-.25c-
.965 0-1.75-.785-1.75 1.75v11.5c0 .965.785 1.75 1.75 1.75h.25v-5.148l.941 1.063a1.75 1.75 0 0 0
.559.418V19.5h8v-3.668a1.75 1.75 0 0 0 .559-.418l.941-1.062V19.5h.25c.965 0 1.75-.785 1.75-1.75zm0
0"/></svg>`);
});
</script>

```

Das Ergebnis sieht dann wie folgt aus:



Tabellenüberschriften immer sichtbar beim scrollen

Um Tabellen-Header immer sichtbar zu haben wenn bei einer langen Tabelle gescrollt werden muss hilft der folgenden Code:

```
<style>
table th {
  position: sticky;
  top: 0;
  background: #eaeaea;
  font-weight: bold;
}
</style>
```

Transparenz für linke und rechte Spalte deaktivieren

Um den Transparenz-Effekt abzuschalten wenn ein Feld nicht im Fokus ist wird folgender Code benötigt:

```
<style>
.tri-layout-left-contents>*, .tri-layout-right-contents>* {
  opacity: 1 !important;
}
</style>
```

Überschrift h1 in PDF Exports verkleinern

Mir war die Überschrift zu groß, also habe ich diese mit folgendem Eintrag verkleinert:

```
<style>  
.export-format-pdf h1 {  
  font-size: 22px;  
}  
</style>
```

sortierbare Tabelle im Editor

Im WYSIWYG Editor kann man mit diesem Script die Spalten in Tabellen mit einem Doppelklick auf den Header nach diesem sortieren. Die anderen Spalten werden entsprechend mitsortiert.

```
<script>

// Hook into the WYSIWYG editor setup event and add our logic once loaded
window.addEventListener('editor-tinymce::setup', event => {
  const editor = event.detail.editor;
  setupTableSort(editor);
});

// Setup the required event handler, listening for double-click on table cells.
function setupTableSort(editor) {
  editor.on('dblclick', event => {
    const target = event.target;
    const parentHeader = target.closest('table tr:first-child td, table tr:first-child th');
    if (parentHeader) {
      // Sort out table within a transaction so this can be undone in the editor if required.
      editor.undoManager.transact(() => {
        sortTable(parentHeader, editor);
      });
    }
  });
}

// Sort the parent table of the given header cell that was clicked.
function sortTable(headerCell) {
  const table = headerCell.closest('table');
  // Exit if the table has a header row but the clicked cell was not part of that header
  if (table.querySelector('thead') && headerCell.closest('thead') === null) {
    return;
  }

  const headerRow = headerCell.parentNode;
  const headerIndex = [...headerRow.children].indexOf(headerCell);
```

```
const tbody = table.querySelector('tbody');
const rowsToSort = [...table.querySelectorAll('tbody tr')].filter(tr => tr !== headerRow);
const invert = headerCell.dataset.sorted === 'true';

// Sort the rows, detecting numeric values if possible.
rowsToSort.sort((a, b) => {
  const aContent = a.children[headerIndex].textContent.toLowerCase();
  const bContent = b.children[headerIndex].textContent.toLowerCase();
  const numericA = Number(aContent);
  const numericB = Number(bContent);

  if (!Number.isNaN(numericA) && !Number.isNaN(numericB)) {
    return invert ? numericA - numericB : numericB - numericA;
  }

  return aContent === bContent ? 0 : (aContent < bContent ? (invert ? 1 : -1) : (invert ? -1 : 1));
});

// Re-append the rows in order
for (const row of rowsToSort) {
  tbody.appendChild(row);
}

// Update the sorted status for later possible inversion of sort.
headerCell.dataset.sorted = invert ? 'false' : 'true';
}
</script>
```

numerierte Überschriften

wer gerne mit numerierten Überschriften arbeitet, für den könnte diese beiden Code Blöcke hilfreich sein:

mit Prüfung auf einen Tag

Prüfung ob Tag auf einem Buch gesetzt ist

Mit diesem Javascript wird geprüft, ob ein bestimmtes Tag-Paar auf dem Buch gesetzt ist. Das Tag-Paar lautet **numbered-active**:

```
<script type="module">
  async function isNumberTagPresent(documentToCheck) {
    const bookSlugRegex = /\books\/(.*?)\(\page|draft)\//;
    const slugMatchResults = bookSlugRegex.exec(window.location.href);
    if (slugMatchResults === null) {
      return false;
    }

    const bookSlug = slugMatchResults[1];
    const bookResp = await window.$http.get(`/books/${bookSlug}`);
    const parser = new DOMParser();
    const pageDom = parser.parseFromString(bookResp.data, 'text/html');

    // Check for the tag in the provided document
    return pageDom.querySelector('body.tag-pair-numbered-active') !== null;
  }

  async function toggleCssClass() {
    const isRequired = await isNumberTagPresent(document);
    if (isRequired) {
      document.body.classList.add('numbered-active');
    } else {
      document.body.classList.remove('numbered-active');
    }
  }
}
```

```

    }

    // Check if there are iframes in the document
    const iframes = document.querySelectorAll('iframe');
    for (const iframe of iframes) {
      if (iframe.contentDocument) {
        const isIframeRequired = await isNumberTagPresent(iframe.contentDocument);
        if (isIframeRequired) {
          iframe.contentDocument.body.classList.add('numbered-active');
        } else {
          iframe.contentDocument.body.classList.remove('numbered-active');
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

document.addEventListener("DOMContentLoaded", function() {
  toggleCssClass();
});
</script>

```

Ist der Tag gesetzt wird in die HTML "body"-Elemente eine Klasse geschrieben, die dann im folgenden CSS abgefragt wird.

CSS nur setzen wenn CSS-Klasse vorhanden

Hier wird nun die nummerierte Liste erstellt, aber nur wenn im HTML "body"-Element die entsprechende Klasse vorher mittels Javascript reingeschrieben wurde.

```

<style>
  body.numbered-active, body.mce-content-body {
    counter-reset: h1counter;
  }
  body.numbered-active .page-content, body.numbered-active.mce-content-body {
    counter-reset: h2counter;
    counter-increment: h1counter;
  }

```

```
body.numbered-active .page-content h1:not(.break-text):before, body.numbered-active.mce-content-body
h1:not(.break-text):before {
    content: counter(h1counter) ".\0000a0\0000a0";
    counter-increment: h1counter;
}
body.numbered-active .page-content h1, body.numbered-active.mce-content-body h1 {
    counter-reset: h2counter;
}

body.numbered-active .page-content h2:before, body.numbered-active.mce-content-body h2:before {
    content: counter(h2counter) ".\0000a0\0000a0";
    counter-increment: h2counter;
}
body.numbered-active .page-content h2, body.numbered-active.mce-content-body h2 {
    counter-reset: h3counter;
}

body.numbered-active .page-content h3:before, body.numbered-active.mce-content-body h3:before {
    content: counter(h2counter) "." counter(h3counter) ".\0000a0\0000a0";
    counter-increment: h3counter;
}
body.numbered-active .page-content h3, body.numbered-active.mce-content-body h3 {
    counter-reset: h4counter;
}

body.numbered-active .page-content h4:before, body.numbered-active.mce-content-body h4:before {
    content: counter(h2counter) "." counter(h3counter) "." counter(h4counter) ".\0000a0\0000a0";
    counter-increment: h4counter;
}
body.numbered-active .page-content h4, body.numbered-active.mce-content-body h4 {
    counter-reset: h5counter;
}

body.numbered-active .page-content h5:before, body.numbered-active.mce-content-body h5:before {
    content: counter(h2counter) "." counter(h3counter) "." counter(h4counter) "." counter(h5counter)
.\0000a0\0000a0";
    counter-increment: h5counter;
}
</style>
```

Ohne Prüfung auf einen Tag (für alle Inhalte)

```
<style>
  body {
    counter-reset: h1counter;
  }
  body.page-content.mce-content-body {
    counter-reset: h2counter;
    counter-increment: h1counter;
  }
  .page-content h1:not(.break-text):before {
    content: counter(h1counter) ".\0000a0\0000a0";
    counter-increment: h1counter;
  }
  .page-content h1 {
    counter-reset: h2counter;
  }

  .page-content h2:before {
    content: counter(h2counter) ".\0000a0\0000a0";
    counter-increment: h2counter;
  }
  .page-content h2 {
    counter-reset: h3counter;
  }

  .page-content h3:before {
    content: counter(h2counter) "." counter(h3counter) ".\0000a0\0000a0";
    counter-increment: h3counter;
  }
  .page-content h3{
    counter-reset: h4counter;
  }

  .page-content h4:before {
    content: counter(h2counter) "." counter(h3counter) "." counter(h4counter) ".\0000a0\0000a0";
```

```
    counter-increment: h4counter;
}
.page-content h4 {
    counter-reset: h5counter;
}

.page-content h5:before {
    content: counter(h2counter) "." counter(h3counter) "." counter(h4counter) "." counter(h5counter)
"\0000a0\0000a0";
    counter-increment: h5counter;
}
</style>
```

Hintergrund anpassen

Es gibt ebenfalls eine Möglichkeit den Hintergrund von Bookstack anzupassen, dazu ist folgender Code nötig:

```
<style>
html {
  height: auto;
  background-color: #fff;
}

html.dark-mode {
  background-color: #000;
}

body:not(#tinymce) {
  background:
    linear-gradient(to bottom, rgba(255, 255, 255, 0) 80%, rgba(255, 255, 255, 1) 100%),
    url(https://bookstack.jelinek-rz.de/uploads/images/gallery/2024-06/default-symmetrical-geometric-shapes-red-yellow-and-light-gree-2.jpg) top / 100% 100vh no-repeat fixed;
  background-color: #fff;
}

.dark-mode body:not(#tinymce) {
  background-color: #000;
  background:
    linear-gradient(to bottom, rgba(0, 0, 0, 0) 80%, rgba(0, 0, 0, 1) 100%),
    url(https://bookstack.jelinek-rz.de/uploads/images/gallery/2024-06/default-symmetrical-geometric-shapes-red-yellow-and-light-gree-2.jpg) top / 100% 100vh no-repeat fixed;
}

.page-content .cm-editor:not(.dark-mode .cm-editor) {
  background-color: #F4F4F4;
}

.page-content hr {
  height: 2px;
```

```
}

#content #main-content.height-fill {
  height: 90vh !important;
}

.tri-layout-right, .tri-layout-left, .page-edit-toolbar {
  background-color: rgba(255, 255, 255, .74);
  border-radius: 8px;
  border-style: solid;
  border-width: 0px;
  border-color: rgb(229, 231, 235);
  box-shadow: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0) 0px 0px 0px 0px, rgba(0, 0, 0, 0) 0px 0px 0px 0px, rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1) 0px 4px 6px -
1px, rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1) 0px 2px 4px -2px;
  box-sizing: border-box;
  backdrop-filter: blur(20px);
  margin-top: 35px;
}

.tri-layout-right, .tri-layout-left {
  height: 90%;
}

.dark-mode .tri-layout-right, .dark-mode .tri-layout-left, .dark-mode .page-edit-toolbar {
  background-color: rgba(0, 0, 0, .74);
  border-radius: 8px;
  border-style: solid;
  border-width: 0px;
  border-color: rgb(229, 231, 235);
  box-shadow: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0) 0px 0px 0px 0px, rgba(0, 0, 0, 0) 0px 0px 0px 0px, rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1) 0px 4px 6px -
1px, rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1) 0px 2px 4px -2px;
  box-sizing: border-box;
  backdrop-filter: blur(20px);
  margin-top: 35px;
}

.dark-mode #main-content > div:nth-child(1) > nav {
  background-color: rgba(0, 0, 0, .74);
  border-radius: 8px;
  opacity: 1;
}
```

```
}

@media (min-width: 1750px) {
  .tri-layout-sides-content {
    grid-template-columns: 1.5fr 4fr 1.5fr !important;
  }
}

@media (max-width: 1400px) {
  div#sidebar.tri-layout-left.print-hidden {
    display: none;
  }
}

@media (max-width: 1000px) {
  .tri-layout-right {
margin-top: auto;
  }
  .tri-layout-container.show-info .tri-layout-right>*, .tri-layout-container.show-info .tri-layout-left>* {
    padding: 20px;
    margin-bottom: 40px;
  }
}

@media screen and (min-width: 1000px) {
  .tri-layout-left-contents>*, .tri-layout-right-contents>* {
    padding: 10px;
  }
}

#sibling-navigation {
  background-color: rgba(255, 255, 255, .6);
  border-radius: 8px;
  opacity: 1;
  backdrop-filter: blur(20px);
}

.dark-mode #sibling-navigation {
  background-color: rgba(0, 0, 0, .74);
}
```

```
border-radius: 8px;
color: #fff;
opacity: 1;
backdrop-filter: blur(20px);
}

.dark-mode #sibling-navigation a .text-muted {
  color: #fff !important;
}

.dark-mode .comments-container {
  border-radius: 8px;
  background-color: rgba(0, 0, 0, .74);
  padding: 30px 20px;
}

.dark-mode .comments-container button {
  background-color: rgba(0, 0, 0, .74);
  color: #fff !important;
}

.tri-layout-right-contents>*, .tri-layout-left-contents>* {
  opacity: 1 !important;
}

.button {
  background-color: rgba(255, 255, 255, .74);
}

button[type="submit"]:not(.icon-list-item, [aria-label="Search"]) {
  background-color: #000 !important;
}

#login-form button {
  background-color: #000;
}

</style>
```

Inhaltsverzeichnis im Editor im Kommentarfeld anzeigen

```
<script>
const generateTOC = () => {
  let out = document.createElement('div');
  out.id = "hack-toc-editor";
  // Bookstack doesn't use h1 inside the editor, only h2-h6
  let list = document.createElement('ul');
  let previousLevel = 2;
  let currentList = list;
  for (const x of tinyMce.activeEditor.getBody().querySelectorAll('h2,h3,h4,h5,h6')) {
    // Create our link to content
    let link = document.createElement('a');
    link.setAttribute('data-id', x.id);
    link.textContent = x.textContent;
    link.addEventListener('click', onLinkClicked);
    let li = document.createElement('li');
    li.append(link);

    // Now let's find out where we insert it
    let level = Number(x.tagName.toLowerCase().replace('h', ''));
    // We need to go deeper, let's create new level(s)
    // Will be triggered only if level > previousLevel
    for(let i = previousLevel; i < level; i++) {
      let newList = document.createElement('ul');
      currentList.append(newList);
      currentList = newList;
    }
    // We need to go back one (or more) level(s)
    // Will be triggered only if level < previousLevel
    for(let i = previousLevel; i > level; i--) {
      currentList = currentList.parentElement;
    }
  }
}
```

```

    // Now, let's append our link at the right place
    currentList.append(li);
    previousLevel = level;
  }
  out.append(list);
  return out;
}
// Add TOC content inside comment sidebar
const populateTOC = () => {
  document.querySelector('.comment-container-compact').append(generateTOC());
}

const scrollToHeader = (id) => {
  // querySelector doesn't work for some ID which contains accentuated characters, so use getElementById which
  works fine
  tinymce.activeEditor.getDoc().getElementById(id).scrollIntoView();
}

const onLinkClicked = (event) => {
  let id = event.target.getAttribute('data-id');
  scrollToHeader(id);
}

// It's ugly bit it works : just wait until we find tinyMCE to populate ToC !
const checkForTiny = () => {
  if (window?.tinymce?.activeEditor?.getDoc()) {
    populateTOC();
  }
  else {
    setTimeout(checkForTiny, 1000);
  }
}

setTimeout(checkForTiny, 1000);
</script>

```